Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06)

Auditing Procedures Report

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968.	, as amended and P.A. 71 of 1919, as a	amended.

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Local Unit of Government Type						Local Unit Name		County
	☐County	City	⊠ Twp	□Village	Other	Township of \	Washington	Gratiot
	Fiscal Year End			Opinion Date			Date Audit Report Submitted to State	
March 31, 2006 August 25 2006			September 29, 2006					

We affirm that:

We are certified public accountants licensed to practice in Michigan.

We further affirm the following material, "no" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the Management Letter (report of comments and recommendations).

/lana	agem	ent L	etter (report of comments and recommendations).
	YES	9	Check each applicable box below. (See instructions for further detail.)
1.	X		All required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements as necessary.
2.	X		There are no accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets (P.A. 275 of 1980) or the local unit has not exceeded its budget for expenditures.
3.	X		The local unit is in compliance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Department of Treasury.
4.	X		The local unit has adopted a budget for all required funds.
5.	X		A public hearing on the budget was held in accordance with State statute.
6.	X		The local unit has not violated the Municipal Finance Act, an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act, or other guidance as issued by the Local Audit and Finance Division.
7.	X		The local unit has not been delinquent in distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit.
8.	X		The local unit only holds deposits/investments that comply with statutory requirements.
9.	X		The local unit has no illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to our attention as defined in the <i>Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan</i> , as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin).
10.	X		There are no indications of defalcation, fraud or embezzlement, which came to our attention during the course of our audit that have not been previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division (LAFD). If there is such activity that has

- 11. The local unit is free of repeated comments from previous years.
- 12. 🗷 🔲 The audit opinion is UNQUALIFIED.
- 13. The local unit has complied with GASB 34 or GASB 34 as modified by MCGAA Statement #7 and other generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 14.
 The board or council approves all invoices prior to payment as required by charter or statute.

not been communicated, please submit a separate report under separate cover.

15. To our knowledge, bank reconciliations that were reviewed were performed timely.

If a local unit of government (authorities and commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is not included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, please enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission.

I, the undersigned, certify that this statement is complete and accurate in all respects.

We have enclosed the following:	Enclosed Not Required (enter a brief justification)							
Financial Statements	×							
The letter of Comments and Recommendations	×							
Other (Describe)	×	N/A						
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)		Telephone Number						
Abraham & Gaffney, P.C.		(517) 351-6836						
Street Address		City	State	Zip				
3511 Coolidge Road, Suite 100	East Lansing	48823						
Authorizing CPA Signature	ted Name	Number						
Boham & Lopy AC. The J.	teven R. Kirinovic, CPA 1101022020							

Township of Washington Gratiot County, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2006

Gratiot County, Michigan

March 31, 2006

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Mr. Donald Cook	Supervisor
Ms. Marilyn Whitford	Clerk
Ms. Ruth Whaley	Treasurer
Mr. Ron Wolfe	Trustee
Mr. Charles Misenhelder	Trustee

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Principals

Dale J. Abraham, CPA Michael T. Gaffney, CPA Steven R. Kirinovic, CPA Aaron M. Stevens, CPA Eric J. Glashouwer, CPA



3511 Coolidge Road Suite 100 East Lansing, MI 48823 (517) 351-6836 FAX: (517) 351-6837

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Township Board Township of Washington Ashely, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Township of Washington, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Township of Washington's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Township of Washington, Michigan as of March 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary comparison information, as identified in the table of contents, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The Township has not presented a management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), which would be an analysis of the financial performance for the year. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined that the MD&A is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of the basic financial statements.

ABRAHAM & GAFFNEY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

atroham ! Haffy P.C.

August 25, 2006



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2006

		vernmental Business-type Activities Activities		Total	
ASSETS					
Current assets	_				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	129,495	\$	26,281	\$ 155,776
Receivables		4,146		10,567	 14,713
Total current assets		133,641		36,848	170,489
Noncurrent assets					
Special assessments - deferred		-		117,348	117,348
Capital assets not being depreciated		5,575		-	5,575
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		8,330		192,698	 201,028
Total noncurrent assets		13,905		310,046	 323,951
TOTAL ASSETS		147,546		346,894	494,440
LIABILITIES Contract link little a					
Current liabilities Accounts payable		1,931			1,931
Due to other governmental units		1,931		5,791	5,791
Accrued interest payable		_		2,221	2,221
Current portion of bonds payable		_		3,385	3,385
Total current liabilities		1,931		11,397	13,328
Noncurrent liabilities					
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt		_		88,010	88,010
Advance from other governments				14,020	14,020
Total noncurrent liabilities		-0-		102,030	102,030
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,931		113,427	115,358
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		13,905		101,303	115,208
Restricted for debt service		-,000		89,174	89,174
Unrestricted		131,710		42,990	 174,700
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	145,615	\$	233,467	\$ 379,082

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended March 31, 2006

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

						Changes in Net Assets						
				Program	Revenue	es	Primary Government				t	
			Cha	arges for	Capi	tal Grants	Gov	ernmental	Bus	iness-type		
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses		ervices		ontributions	Δ	ctivities		ctivities		Total
3				-	and o	011111211101110						
Governmental activities												
General government	\$	35,495	\$	2,356	\$	4,800	\$	(28,339)	\$	-	\$	(28,339)
Public works	·	36,806	,	_,	*	_	,	(36,806)	•	_	•	(36,806)
Community and economic development		2,014		_		_		(2,014)		_		(2,014)
Community and Coorlonnic development		2,014						(2,014)				(2,014)
Total governmental activities		74,315		2,356		4,800		(67,159)		-0-		(67,159)
rotal governmental activities		1 1,010		2,000		1,000		(01,100)		· ·		(01,100)
Business-type activities:												
Sewer		15,339		3,531		_		_		(11,808)		(11,808)
301101		10,000		0,001						(11,000)		(11,000)
Total government	\$	89,654	\$	5,887	\$	4,800		(67,159)		(11,808)		(78,967)
3					_	.,,		(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(- , ,		(/ /
Gen	eral re	venues:										
		erty taxes						22,545		-		22,545
		shared reve	nue					64,932		_		64,932
		stment earnin						3,393		556		3,949
		ellaneous	90					2,953		15		2,968
	WIISO	ciiai ieous						2,900				2,300
	Т	otal general r	avanuas					93,823		571		94,394
		otal general i	CVCHUCS	,				33,023		071		34,554
	Char	nge in net ass	eets					26,664		(11,237)		15,427
	Oriai	igo in not ass	5013					20,004		(11,207)		10,427
Net	assets	, beginning of	f the vea	ar				118,951		244,704		363,655
1101	400010,	, boginning of	i ii o yoo	•				110,001		244,704		000,000
Net	assets,	end of the ye	ear				\$	145,615	\$	233,467	\$	379,082
		,										

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

March 31, 2006

	 General
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governmental units - local Interest receivable	\$ 129,495 3,421 725
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 133,641
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 1,931
FUND BALANCES Unreserved Undesignated, reported in General fund	131,710
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 133,641

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2006

Total fund balance - governmental funds

\$ 131,710

Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is

\$ 62,759 (48,854)

Capital assets, net

13,905

Net assets of governmental activities

\$ 145,615

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended March 31, 2006

	 General
REVENUES	
Taxes	\$ 22,545
Intergovernmental	64,932
Charges for services	2,356
Interest and rents	3,393 2,953
Other	 2,955
TOTAL REVENUES	96,179
EXPENDITURES	
Congret	34,703
General government Public works	36,806
Community and economic development	2,014
Community and Coonsider development	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 73,523
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	22,656
Fund balances, beginning of year	 109,054
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 131,710

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended March 31, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 22,656

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Depreciation expense

(792)

Some items reported in the statement of activities are not available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:

Capital contribution

4,800

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 26,664

Proprietary Fund

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2006

	;	Sewer Fund
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	26,281
Receivables		
Accounts		3,721
Special assessments - current		6,846
Total current assets		36,848
Noncurrent assets		
Special assessments - deferred		117,348
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		192,698
Total noncurrent assets		310,046
TOTAL ASSETS		346,894
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Due to other governmental units		5,791
Accrued interest payable		2,221
Current portion of bonds payable		3,385
Total current liabilities		11,397
Noncurrent liabilities		
Noncurrent portion of bonds payable		88,010
Advance from other governments		14,020
Total noncurrent liabilities		102,030
TOTAL LIABILITIES		113,427
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		101,303
Restricted for debt service		89,174
Unrestricted		42,990
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	233,467

Proprietary Fund

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

Year Ended March 31, 2006

ODEDATING DEVENIUES	Sewer Fund
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services Other	\$ 3,531 15
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	3,546
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and wages Social security Workers' compensation Supplies Professional services Utilities Equipment rental Repairs and maintenance Insurance Depreciation Other	839 64 43 37 214 875 85 803 16 6,113 26
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 9,115
OPERATING LOSS	(5,569)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest revenue Interest and fiscal charges	 556 (6,224)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	 (5,668)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(11,237)
Net assets, beginning of year	 244,704
Net assets, end of year	\$ 233,467

Proprietary Fund

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended March 31, 2006

	Sewer Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash receipts from customers Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers	\$ 9,498 (839) (766)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	7,893
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payment on advance from other governmental units	(880)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital purchases Payment of bonds payable Interest and fiscal charges	(875) (3,385) (6,224)
NET CASH (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(10,484)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest revenue	 556
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH DURING YEAR	(2,915)
Cash, beginning of year	 29,196
Cash, end of year	\$ 26,281
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash (used) by operating activities Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities	\$ (5,569)
Depreciation Decrease in accounts receivable	6,113 5,968
Increase in due to other governmental units	1,453
(Decrease) in accrued interest payable	 (72)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 7,893

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2006

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Washington Township, Michigan, was organized as a Township under provisions of the constitution and general law of the State of Michigan. The Township is one of sixteen (16) townships in Gratiot County. The Township operates under an elected Township Board, which consists of a Supervisor, Clerk, Treasurer, and two trustees, and provides services in many areas including fire protection, roads, sewer, and planning.

The financial statements of the Township have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to Township governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Township's more significant accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* (as amended by GASB statement No. 39); and *Statement on Michigan Governmental Accounting and Auditing No. 5*, these financial statements present the financial activities of the Township of Washington. The Township has no activities that would be classified as component units.

The inclusion of the activities of various agencies is based on the manifestation of oversight criteria, relying on such guidelines as the selection of the governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to exert significant influence on operations, and the accountability for fiscal matters. The accountability for fiscal matters considers the possession of the budgetary authority, the responsibility for surplus or deficit, the controlling of fiscal management, and the revenue characteristics, whether a levy or a charge. Consideration is also given to the scope of public service. The scope of public service considers whether the activity is for the benefit of the reporting entity and/or its residents and is within the geographic boundaries of the reporting entity and generally available to its citizens.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the financial statements of the Township of Washington contain all the funds controlled by the Township Board.

2. Basis of Presentation

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities (the government-wide statements) present information for the Township as a whole. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities presents the direct functional expenses of the Township and the program revenues that support them. Direct expenses are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues are associated with specific functions and include charges to recipients of goods or services and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of that function. Revenues that are not required to be presented as program revenues are general revenues. This includes all taxes, interest, and unrestricted State revenue sharing payments and other general revenues and shows how governmental functions are either self-financing or supported by general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements present the Township's individual major funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2006

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

2. Basis of Presentation - continued

The major funds of the Township are:

- a. The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Sewer Fund accounts for resources generated by providing sewer services to certain residents of the Township; the costs (expenses, including depreciation) are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

3. Measurement Focus

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, similar to that used by business enterprises or not-for-profit organizations. Because another measurement focus is used in the governmental fund financial statements, reconciliations to the government-wide statements are provided that explain the differences in detail.

All governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

4. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual (when they become both "measurable" and "available to finance expenditures of the current period"). Revenues that are considered measurable but not available are recorded as a receivable and deferred revenue. The length of time used to define "available" for purposes of revenue recognition is 60 days. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual are special assessments and certain intergovernmental revenues. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt which is recorded when due.

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Township has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2006

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Basis of Accounting - continued

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and other costs of running the activity. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. If/when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

5. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The General Fund budget was prepared on a basis consistent with the modified accrual basis used to reflect actual results. The Township employs the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a. Prior to April 1, the budget is legally adopted on a departmental (activity) level through passage of a Board resolution. After the budget is adopted all transfers of budgeted amounts between accounts within the fund or activity or any revisions that alter the total expenditures of the fund or activity must be approved by the Township Board.
- b. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- c. The Township does not employ encumbrance accounting as an extension of formal budgetary integration. Appropriations unused at March 31 are not carried forward to the following fiscal year.
- d. Budgeted amounts are reported as originally adopted or amended by the Township Board during the year. There were no amendments to the originally adopted budget.

6. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consists of checking accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of less than 90 days.

7. Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due from other governmental units for property taxes and accrued interest receivables for unpaid interest related to the Township's certificates of deposit at March 31, 2006.

8. Property Tax

The Township of Washington bills and collects both its own property tax levy and the tax levy for other governmental units. The Township's property tax revenue recognition policy and related tax calendar disclosures are as follows:

The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of December 1. Taxes are levied December 1 and are payable through February 14. All property taxes not paid by February 14 are deemed delinquent. Delinquent real property taxes are turned over to the Gratiot County Treasurer on March 1. The Gratiot County Treasurer remits payment to all taxing units on all delinquent real property taxes. Delinquent personal property taxes are retained by the Township for subsequent collection. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the period for which they are levied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2006

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

8. Property Tax - continued

The Township is permitted to levy up to \$1 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general governmental service and additional amounts for debt service. For the year ended March 31, 2006, the Township levied 0.9778 mills per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general governmental services. The total Taxable Value for the 2005 levy for property within the Township was \$19,201,553.

9. Pompeii Sewer

The Pompeii Sewer project is a joint project between the Townships of Washington and Fulton, and is being administered by Fulton Township. Fulton Township is responsible for paying all bills related to general operations of the system along with the collecting of sewer usage and special assessment revenue. The activity has been recorded in Washington Township's financial statements because the system is partially owned by Washington Township. Washington Township's percentage share of the system is 33.85 percent.

10. Capital Assets

The following capital asset information is not based on any formally documented policies and procedures that are in place at the Township, but based on general knowledge and current practice. The Township has no formal capitalization policies in place.

Capital assets include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and the sewer system and are recorded (net of accumulated depreciation, if applicable) in the government-wide financial statements under the governmental and business-type activities columns. Capital assets are those with an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are not recorded in the governmental funds. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Sewer system and improvements	40 years
Furniture and equipment	5-7 years
Buildings	50 years

11. Long-term Liabilities

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are recognized as a liability in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types when incurred. The portion of those liabilities expected to be paid within the next year is a current liability with the remaining amounts shown as long-term.

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund.

12. Comparative Data

Comparative data for the prior year has not been presented in all funds in the accompanying financial statements since their inclusion would make the financial statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2006

NOTE B: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the Township is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

- Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- 2. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a State or nationally chartered bank or a State or Federally chartered savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States government and which maintains a principal office or branch office located in this State under the laws of the State or the United States, but only if the bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belong to the State under Section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three (3) highest classifications established by not less than two (2) standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- 4. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- 6. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) regulations provide that deposits of governmental units are to be separately insured for the amount of \$100,000 for deposits in an insured bank for savings deposits and \$100,000 for demand deposits. Furthermore, if specific deposits are regulated by statute or bond indenture, these specific deposits are to be separately insured for the amount of \$100,000. Michigan Compiled Laws allow for collateralization of government deposits if the assets for pledging are acceptable to the State Treasurer under Section 3 of 1855 PA 105, MCL 21.143, to secure deposits of State surplus funds, securities, issued by the Federal Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association or Government National Mortgage Association.

Deposits

There is a custodial credit risk as it relates to deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. As of March 31, 2006, the carrying amounts of the Township's deposits were \$155,776 and the bank balance was \$157,796. The Township's deposits were fully insured by the FDIC.

Due to significantly higher cash flow at certain periods during the year, the amount the Township held as cash and cash equivalents increased significantly. As a result, the amount of uninsured and uncollateralized cash and cash equivalents were substantially higher at these peak periods than at year-end.

Credit risk

State law limits investments in certain types of investments to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO's). As of March 31, 2006, the Township did not have any investments that would be subject to rating.

Interest rate risk

The Township has not adopted a policy that addresses interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2006

NOTE B: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

Concentration of credit risk

The Township has not adopted a policy that addresses concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township's investment in a single issuer.

Custodial credit risk

The Township has not adopted a policy that addresses custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer.

NOTE C: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2006 was as follows:

Covernmental activities		Balance April 1, 2005 Additions		<u>ditions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>		Balance March 31, 2006	
Governmental activities Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$	5,575	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,575
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Equipment	<u></u>	40,193 12,191		4,800		- 		40,193 16,991
Subtotal		52,384		4,800		-0-		57,184
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Equipment	(36,438) 11,624)	(150) 642)		- 	(36,588) 12,266)
Subtotal	_(_	48,062)		<u>792</u>)		<u>-0-</u>	_(_	48,854)
Net capital assets being depreciated		4,322		4,008		-0-		8,330
Total net capital assets	\$	9,897	\$	4,008	\$	-0-	\$	13,905

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$792 was charged to the general government function on the Statement of Activities.

Business-type activities	_	Balance ril 1, 2005	Add	<u>ditions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>		Balance ch 31, 2006
Capital assets being depreciated Sewer system	\$	241,016	\$	875	\$ -	\$	241,891
Less accumulated deprecation for: Sewer system		43,080)		6,113)		(_	49,193)
Total net capital assets	\$	197,936	<u>\$(</u>	5,238)	\$ -0-	\$	192,698

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$6,113 was charged to the Business-type activities in the financial statements at March 31, 2006.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2006

NOTE D: LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt (including current portion) of the Township for the year ended March 31, 2006:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	_	alance il. 1, 2005	Additions	<u>Delet</u>	ions	_,	alance 31, 2005	Due	ounts Within Year
Business-type activities									
Sewer Fund									
1996 Revenue Bonds	\$	94,780	<u>\$</u>	\$	3,385	\$	91,395	\$	3,385

Significant details regarding outstanding long-term debt (including current portion) are presented below:

\$320,000 County of Gratiot, Pompeii Community Sanitary Sewer System Bonds. These bonds are split \$108,320 and \$211,680 between Washington and Fulton Townships respectively. Bonds are dated August 1, 1996. Washington Township's annual installments range from \$3,385 to \$5,078 through May 1, 2022, with interest ranging from 5.2 to 6.0 percent, payable semi-annually.

\$ 91,395

The annual requirements to pay the debt principal and interest outstanding for the bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		1996 Revenue Bonds					
March 31,	<u>Pri</u>	Principal					
2007	\$	3,385	\$	5,242			
2008		3,385		5,064			
2009		3,385		4,883			
2010		3,385		4,698			
2011		5,078		4,463			
2012-2016		25,387		17,936			
2017-2021		33,850		9,140			
2022-2023	<u></u>	13,540		812			
	Φ.	04.005	Ф	50.000			
	<u>\$</u>	91,395	\$	52,238			

NOTE H: RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Restrictions of net assets shown in the Proprietary Fund and Government-wide financial statements indicate that restrictions imposed by the funding source or some other outside source (bond ordinance, etc.) which precludes their use for unrestricted purposes. The following represents the net asset restriction as of March 31, 2006:

Business-type activities Restricted for debt service

\$ 89,174

NOTE I: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of worker's compensation and employer's liability for which the Township carries commercial insurance.

The Township also participates in a pool, the Michigan Township Participating Plan, with other municipalities for property, liability, wrongful acts, automobile and crime losses. The pool is organized under Public Act 138 of 1982, as amended. The Township has no liability for additional assessments based on the claims filed against the pool nor do they have any rights to dividends.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2006

NOTE J: RETIREMENT PLAN

The Township of Washington is the sponsor of a retirement plan for the sole benefit of its employees. The Township of Washington Pension Plan is a money purchase defined contribution pension benefit plan. During the year ended March 31, 2006 the Township of Washington made contributions for all eligible employees at a rate of 7.45% of wages.

To be eligible to participate, an employee must be considered a full-time employee. All 5 eligible employees participate in the plan. The contributions fund the premiums for Individual Deferred Annuity policies with The Manufacturers Life Insurance Company.

For the year ended March 31, 2006, the Township of Washington had a total payroll of \$21,139. The Township of Washington Retirement Plan covered a payroll of \$19,325. The Township of Washington's estimated contribution of \$1,440 was shown as part of liabilities with a corresponding expense recorded in the financial statements at year-end as the 05/06 required contribution had not been made as of March 31, 2006.



General Fund

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Year Ended March 31, 2006

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ 23,410 69,200	\$ 23,410 69,200	\$ 22,545 64,932	\$ (865) (4,268)	
Charges for services	2,750	2,750	2,356	(394)	
Interest and rents	4,125	4,125	3,393	(732)	
Other	2,300	2,300	2,953	653	
TOTAL REVENUES	101,785	101,785	96,179	(5,606)	
EXPENDITURES					
General government	7.050	7.050	4.400	0.007	
Legislative	7,850	7,850	4,163	3,687	
Supervisor	1,100	1,100	812	288	
Clerk	10,075	10,075	5,397	4,678	
Board of review	900	900	525	375	
Treasurer	14,950	14,950	9,355	5,595	
Assessor	9,200	9,200	6,189	3,011	
Elections	5,000	5,000	2.496	5,000	
Hall and grounds	7,000	7,000	2,486	4,514	
Cemetery Other	3,200 3,700	3,200 3,700	2,306 3,470	894 230	
Other	3,700	3,700	3,470		
Total general government	62,975	62,975	34,703	28,272	
Public safety					
Fire	19,000	19,000	-	19,000	
Rescue	5,500	5,500	-	5,500	
Other	3,000	3,000		3,000	
Total public safety	27,500	27,500	-0-	27,500	
Public works					
Highways and streets	62,200	62,200	30,703	31,497	
Drains	6,000	6,000	4,887	1,113	
Street lights	1,300	1,300	1,216	84	
Total public works	69,500	69,500	36,806	32,694	
Community and economic development		0.050	2.244	4 000	
Zoning	3,250	3,250	2,014	1,236	

General Fund

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Year Ended March 31, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original	Final			Actual	(Negative)		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_\$_	163,225	\$	163,225	_\$_	73,523	\$	89,702	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(61,440)		(61,440)		22,656		84,096	
Fund balance, beginning of year		109,054		109,054		109,054		-0-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	47,614	\$	47,614	\$	131,710	\$	84,096	

Principals

Dale J. Abraham, CPA Michael T. Gaffney, CPA Steven R. Kirinovic, CPA Aaron M. Stevens, CPA Eric J. Glashouwer, CPA



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MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Members of the Township Board Township of Washington Ashley, Michigan

Dear Ladies/Gentlemen:

As you know, we recently completed our audit of the records of the Township of Washington, Michigan for the year ended March 31, 2006. In connection with the audit, we feel that certain changes in your accounting and administrative procedures would be helpful in improving management's control and the operational efficiency of the accounting and administrative functions. These suggestions are the result of our evaluation of the internal control structure and our discussions with management.

1. The Township should prepare a listing of capital assets for incorporating estimated useful lives and develop a capitalization threshold.

During our analysis of the capital assets, we noted that the Township has not maintained historical cost information for capital assets and estimated useful lives for each capital asset have not been assigned. Additionally, there is not a Board established capitalization threshold amount. This issue was noted and reported in our comments from prior audits.

We suggest the Township develop and adopt a formal capitalization policy establishing a threshold for items to be included on the list. The Township should also prepare a current listing of capital assets, assigning estimated useful lives, where applicable. Such information should then be maintained each year in order to calculate depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation for the capital assets.

2. The Township should include expenditure amounts in the meeting minutes.

During our review of Board minutes for the year, we noted general Board approval of the budgeted expenditures. However, we did note that the actual minutes of the Board meeting did not indicate the <u>amounts</u> that had been approved for the 05/06 budget. The original budget document is kept as a separate document. This issue was noted and reported in our audit comments from prior audits.

We suggest the actual Board minutes note the <u>total</u> approved budget amounts by activity. This will provide a better trail and documentation of Board authorization of expenditures.

3. Supporting documentation for receipts and disbursements should be retained.

During our testing of the receipt and disbursement processes, we noted that supporting documentation for one (1) receipt and one (1) disbursement was not retained for audit purposes.

We suggest that all supporting documentation be retained for audit purposes.

4. The Board should amend the Township's investment policy to address the disclosure requirements of GASB Statement No. 40.

During the course of our audit and through discussions with administration, it was noted that the Township has not amended their investment policy to address various areas of risk as described by GASB Statement No. 40. Deposit and investment resources often represent significant assets of the Township's funds.

These resources are necessary for the delivery of the Township's services programs. Effective for the year ended March 31, 2006, GASB Statement No. 40 is designed to inform financial statement users about deposit and investment risks that could affect the Township's ability to provide services and meet its obligations as they become due.

We suggest the Board review their current investment policy and make the necessary amendments to address custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk, if applicable. Such policies are required to be disclosed in the notes to the Township's financial statements by GASB Statement No. 40.

5. The Township should prepare and file payroll compliance reports.

During the course of our audit, it was noted that various individuals (Board members, etc.) were paid as employees (reported on W-2's), but no payroll 941 forms were prepared or filed. This issue was noted and reported in our audit comments from prior audits.

We suggest the Township file the required payroll forms.

6. The Township should authorize pay rates for employees and include this approval as part of the minutes.

During the course of our audit, it was noted that there were no indications in the Board minutes of authorized pay rates for employees. Although the budget document includes pay rate amounts they were not formally approved by the Board in the minutes.

We suggest the Township Board approve pay rates annually and incorporate them into the meeting minutes.

7. The Township should review various areas of operation and consider additional segregation of duties.

During our consideration and assessment of fraud risk, we noted that the Township may not have sufficient segregation of duties in its accounting structure. The intent of internal control is to assure that no one individual is able to control all aspects of a transaction cycle (i.e., receipts, disbursements, etc.).

While this is a common occurrence in small organizations due to the limited number of employees, the Township Board should realize that a greater risk in safeguarding assets exists if duties and responsibilities are not appropriately arranged and separated.

We suggest that the Township review various areas of operation and consider additional segregation of duties. If duties cannot be adequately segregated due to the limited number of employees, we suggest the Township Board provide a greater review and supervision of employee functions and procedures.

8. The Township should implement a double entry accounting system.

The Township's accounting system currently does not utilize a "general ledger", which would provide a double entry accounting system to help assure reconciliation of significant accounts and provide expense detail by program area.

We suggest the Township implement a general ledger accounting system to better account for the Township's financial activity.

9. The Township should assure that the approvals of expenditures are specifically documented in the Board minutes.

During our review of the board minutes, we noted that the minutes do not always document the approval of expenditures by noting the range of checks being approved or the total value of invoices to be paid.

We suggest that the Township present all checks to the Board prior to disbursement, and that invoices to be paid are approved by the Board by indicating the range of check numbers and total value to be paid.

10. The Township should ensure retirement contributions are remitted timely.

During the course of our audit, it was determined that the contributions to the retirement plan for the 05/06 fiscal year had not been remitted to the retirement plan administrator as of the last day of fieldwork.

We suggest that the Township get the 05/06 contribution remitted immediately and also put procedures in place to assure future contributions are remitted on a timely basis.

These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the audit tests to be applied in our audit of the general purpose financial statements and this report does not affect our report on the general purpose financial statements dated August 25, 2006.

This report is intended solely for the use of management and the Township Board of the Township of Washington, Michigan and should not be used for any other purpose. We wish to express our appreciation for the courtesy and cooperation extended to us during our audit. We are available to discuss any or all of these suggestions with you and to provide assistance in the implementation of improvements.

Abraham ! Kaffy, P.C.
ABRAHAM & GAFFNEY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

August 25, 2006